Benchy – Glycol Instruction Manual

KL18197

Instruction Manual

KegLand Distribution PTY LTD

WARNING

IF THE BENCHY HAS JUST BEEN MOVED DO NOT TURN ON UNLESS THE BENCHY HAS BEEN STANDING UPRIGHT FOR 24 HOURS. FAILURE TO DO SO WILL VOID WARRANTY. STAND THE BENCHY IN THE UPRIGHT POSITION FOR 24 HOURS BEFORE PLUGGING INTO THE MAINS SOCKET.

WARNING

ENSURE THAT THERE IS ALWAYS ATLEAST 100mm OF CLEARANCE ON EACH SIDE OF THE BENCHY TO ALLOW ADEQUATE AIRFLOW. NOT ALLOWING ADEQUATE VENTILATION WILL REDUCE PERFORMANCE, INCREASE POWER CONSUMPTION AND VOID WARRANTY.

WARNING

PERFORM A PRESSURE TEST ON ALL PRODUCT LINES PRIOR TO USE.

WARNING

DO NOT RUN THE PUMP DRY. ENSURE THE PUMP IS ALWAYS SUBMERGED WHEN IN OPERATION. RUNNING DRY CAN DAMAGE THE PUMP.

WARNING

ONLY CLEAN PRODUCT LINES WITH COLD TO WARM WATER. DO NOT USE HOT WATER TO CLEAN THE PRODUCT LINES.
**Initial Start-up and Testing**

*Important*

Let the Benchy sit for at least 24 hours after delivery or after sitting on its side before turning the unit on.

Whenever the Benchy is operating and cooling the reservoir the agitator pump needs to be operating to keep the liquid in the reservoir agitated and avoid ice formation. The pump is wired into the temperature controller and hence should always be running when the unit is turned on.

**Assemble the sight tube:**

Firmly push the two 3/8” duotight tee pieces (**KL07023**) onto the push fit tubes on the front of the Benchy and push your sight tube into each of the duotight tee pieces as shown to the right. Confirm this is held in place securely by pulling on the duotight fittings and ensuring they are locked in place. Then, push a 3/8” plug (**KL06965**) into each of the duotight tee pieces.

To remove the plug/tube from the duotight tee piece, push the collar on the tee piece in towards the fitting as you pull the plug/tube out of the tee piece.

**Attaching a keg**

On the side of the Benchy you will find two 5/8” threaded shanks. Screw a duotight 8mm x 5/8” fitting (**KL06903**) onto each of the threaded shanks (ensuring the washer is in place internally on the duotight).

Push 8mm OD EVABarrier hose into the Duotight fitting on the shank on the sight of the Benchy.

Connect this 8mm OD EVABarrier hose to your coupler or disconnect on your keg.
Leak Testing Product Lines

It is essential to pressure test all four product lines prior to running any liquid through them for dispensing.

The product lines need to be pressure tested to a pressure that is at least 1.5 times the pressure that will be used for dispensing to a maximum of 50psi. For example, if your dispensing pressure is 20 psi then your product lines should be pressure tested at 30 psi and your testing pressure shouldn’t exceed 50 psi.

The product lines can be leak tested via multiple methods which are outlined below. It is a good idea to test the system using multiple methods to be certain the system is holding pressure:

1. **Pressure decay test**
   - Step 1. Screw a 8mm x 5/8” Duotight fitting onto each all thread shank on the side of the Benchy.
   - Step 2. Push 8mm EVABarrier hosing connected to a regulated pressure source into one of the Duotight fittings.
   - Step 3. Set the pressure on the regulator to 1.5 times the dispensing pressure up to a maximum of 50 psi.
   - Step 4. Turn the gas cylinder off and leave to sit for a few hours. Then check if the pressure on the regulator has decreased from the set pressure.

   If the pressure has dropped double check that the leak isn’t occurring externally from the Benchy. Check all duotight connections and connections to your gas cylinder or regulator with a soapy solution to check for the formation of bubbles indicating a leak.

   If the pressure remains stable then this product line has passed the leak test.

   Perform the above steps on the other product line.

2. **Bubble (Air-leak) test**
   - Step 1. Fill the reservoir with water
   - Step 2. Screw a 8mm x 5/8” duotight fitting onto each all thread shank on the side of the Benchy.
   - Step 3. Push 8mm EVABarrier hosing connected to a regulated pressure source into one of the duotight fittings.
   - Step 4. Set the pressure on the regulator to 1.5 times the dispensing pressure up to a maximum of 50 psi.

   Step 5. Look for the formation of bubbles in reservoir indicating a leak

   Repeat the above steps on the other product line.
3. **Hydrostatic leak test**

   Step 1. Empty the reservoir

   Step 2. Screw a 8mm x 5/8” duotight fitting onto each all thread shank on the side of the Benchy.

   Step 3. Push 8mm EVABarrier hosing connected to a regulated water source into one of the duotight fittings.

   The pressure of the water source can be regulated using an inline regulator for example (**KL15035**) or by connecting a keg full of water pressurised at 1.5 times the dispensing pressure up to a maximum of 50 psi.

   Step 4. Look for any leaks in the reservoir from the product line.

   Repeat the above steps on the other product line.

**Testing the Agitator Pump and Compressor**

   Step 1. With the Benchy unplugged fill the reservoir with water until all the cooling coils are submerged and the impeller of the agitator pump is submerged.

   Step 4. Plug the Benchy in using the provided IEC cable and turn the red power switch on.

   Step 5. Set the temperature on the temperature controller on the front of the Benchy to 2°C

   To change any settings on the temperature controller for the reservoir such as temperature hysteresis or calibration refer to this instruction manual:

   [KegLand STC1000 Instructions](#)

   Step 8. Leave the Benchy for 12 hours to ensure that it drops the temperature of the reservoir to the set temperature on the temperature controller.

The system has now been tested for cooling and leaks and is ready to be used to dispense from a keg.
Filling the Reservoir

The Benchy can be operated with either just water in the reservoir or both water and glycol to reduce the freezing point of water.

IMPORTANT: If you are only using water in the reservoir and not glycol then do not set the temperature of the reservoir below 2°C.

Fill the reservoir until the copper cooling coils are submerged with water if the reservoir is set at 2°C or an appropriate concentration of glycol and water solution if dropping the reservoir below 2°C according to the table below. The amount of glycol required to be added to the reservoir depends on the desired set temperature of the reservoir which is dependent on a number of factors including heat ingress into the entire system, insulation of the glycol lines, ambient temperature, the number of kegs being cooled and the temperature of the kegs. Use the table below to determine what percentage of glycol you require.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Glycol Volume %</th>
<th>Freezing Point °C</th>
<th>Specific Gravity at 21°C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>1.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>-3.3</td>
<td>1.006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>-7.8</td>
<td>1.015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>-13.3</td>
<td>1.024</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

You can measure the glycol percentage using a calibrated refractometer and comparing to the specific gravity at 21°C in the above table.

We would advise running a 20% glycol solution however, if you do not have a jacketed fermenter or have the fermenter in a very warm environment you can run it at a higher glycol concentration. The pumps are not designed to be run with a glycol concentration higher than 30% hence it is not advised to exceed this glycol concentration. Doing so may damage the pumps.

Dispensing Beverages Through the Benchy

Use the diagrams below to determine how to dispense beverages through the benchy. Please note that the diagrams below are for demonstration purposes only. You may have a different style coupler or tap and shank setup to what is shown in the below diagrams. Fittings other than duotight fittings can be screwed onto the 5/8” BSP shanks for the product lines such as:

- Liquid Ball Lock Post with 5/8” Thread (KL00840)
- K-lok female to 5/8” Female (KL04916)
- Duotight 5/8” Female to 9.5mm (3/8) Push in (KL06910)
- Swivel nut (KL05074) and any of the below barbs:
  - Angle Barb 6mm (KL05081)
  - Straight barb 6mm (KL05098)
  - Straight barb 8mm (KL05104)
  - Straight barb 10mm (KL05111)
  - Straight barb 13mm (KL05128)
1. Dispensing from 20L/30L/50L Commercial kegs
2. **Dispensing from Ball lock Cornelius Kegs**
Balancing Your Benchy Dispensing System with CO$_2$

The pressure to be set on your regulator differs according to the temperature that the keg is stored at. If the product is stored at a higher temperature it will require a higher pressure to maintain the desired level of carbonation. Refer to a carbonation chart to determine what pressure you should be setting your regulator at to reach your desired level of carbonation based on the ambient temperature the keg is stored in.

For most styles of beer, you should be aiming for a carbonation level of between 2.3-2.8 volumes of carbonation with the average carbonation level being 2.6 volumes (if you are unsure of the carbonation level of the beer i.e. if it is a commercial keg then assume it is at 2.6 volumes of carbonation). To achieve a specific carbonation level during carbonation or priming refer to the table in the link below and correlate the temperature of the keg with the desired carbonation level.

KegLand Carbonation Chart

NOTE: Do not try to fix a slow or fast pour rate by adjusting the dispensing pressure. This will result in your beer either going flat or over carbonated. It is best to adjust the beverage line length and diameter. If the pour is too fast and is producing a lot of froth then increase the length of the beverage line between the Benchy and the keg. Alternatively, if the pour is too slow then decrease the length of the beverage line between the Benchy and the keg.

When adjusting your beverage line length to achieve the perfect pour it is always best to start with a longer length of beverage line as you can always trim a longer length of hose.

Alternatively, you could use a short length of beer line and then a flow control tap (KL15523) or flow control ball lock disconnect (KL09041) to reduce the flow rate.

MAINTENANCE

If the glycol solution has been stored for an extended period of time then it is suggested to replace the solution, despite glycol having antimicrobial properties. It is recommended to replace the glycol if it has changed colour dramatically or between 12 to 24 months of usage. To replace the glycol solution empty the reservoir using the drainage port and then refill with the required concentration of glycol using a refractometer to confirm the concentration.